



كورس الأساس في اللغة الإنجليزية

الصف العاشر

الفصل الدراسي الأول

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(فكرة عمل جديدة)

أصلي/مختلف كليا

خدمة

مثالي/نموذجي

original product service customer typical

منتج

زبون/عميل

Original: Completely new and different from anything that anyone has thought before.

Product: An object made in order to be sold to people.

Service: The act of serving people for money.

Customer: A person who buys goods or services.

Typical: Having the usual features or qualities of a particular type of person or thing.

3 🎧 Read and listen to the text. If you want to be a successful business person in the future, what skills and qualities should you have?

A) Have you got something special? Your business idea doesn't have to be original, but it has to be different from everything else. Make sure you offer something new.

هل لديك شيء مميز؟

لا يجب أن تكون فكرة عملك أصلية، ولكن يجب أن تكون مختلفة عن أي شيء آخر. تأكد من تقديم شيء جديد.

B) Is there a market big enough for the product? Is your idea going to be popular with enough people? Will people feel that they need to get the product? Some market research will help you find out.

هل هناك سوق كبير بما يكفي للمنتج؟

هل ستحظى فكرتك بشعبية لدى عدد كافٍ من الأشخاص؟ هل سيشعر الناس أنهم بحاجة للحصول على المنتج؟ سوف تساعدك بعض أبحاث السوق على معرفة ذلك.

C) Is the price, right? If your product or service costs too much, your customers won't buy it. Talk to your future customers to find out whether your price is affordable.

هل السعر مناسب؟

إذا كان منتجك أو خدمتك يكلفان الكثير، فلن يشتريه عملاؤك. تحدث إلى عملائك المستقبليين لمعرفة ما إذا كان سعرك في المتناول.

D) Who will your customers be? Who are your typical customers? What will they value in your product or service? Find out as much as you can about your future customers.

من سيكون عملاؤك؟

من هم عملاؤك النموذجيون؟ ما الذي سيقدرونه في منتجك أو خدمتك؟ اكتشف بقدر ما تستطيع عن عملائك في المستقبل.

E) Can you afford to start your business? How much will it cost to produce your idea? When you work out your costs, don't forget about factory costs, salaries, office equipment, etc.

هل تستطيع أن تبدأ عملك التجاري؟

كم سيكلف إنتاج فكرتك؟ عندما تحدد تكاليفك، لا تنسى تكاليف المصنع والرواتب والمعدات المكتبية وما إلى ذلك.

F) Do you have the right experience and skills? Even the best business ideas won't work if you don't have the skills and the ambition. You will only succeed if you want to!

هل لديك الخبرة والمهارات المناسبة؟

حتى أفضل الأفكار التجارية لن تنجح إذا كنت ليس لديك المهارات والطموح. سوف تنجح فقط إذا كنت تريد!

G) Will your business grow? Can you build on your idea in the future by adding new products or services, entering new areas, or improving the original design?

هل سينمو عملك؟

هل يمكنك البناء على فكرتك في المستقبل عن طريق إضافة منتجات أو خدمات جديدة، أو دخول مناطق جديدة،

أو تحسين التصميم الأصلي؟


COMPREHENSION

4 Read the text again. Then, match the questions with the correct paragraph.

Do you think you've got a great business idea?

- 1 Can you afford to start your business?
- 2 Do you have the right experience and skills?
- 3 Have you got something special?
- 4 Is the price right?
- 5 Is there a market big enough for the product?
- 6 Who will your customers be?
- 7 Will your business grow?

*المطلوب هنا ترتيب الأسئلة ضمن الفقرات وقد قمنا بهذا مسبقا ضمن شرح الدرس.

5  Read and listen to the text again and answer the questions. Discuss your answers in a group.

- 1 Rearrange the questions 1–7 from exercise 4 in order of importance to you.
- 2 Is it better to make an expensive product of very good quality or a cheap product of lower quality?

*المطلوب هنا في رقم 1 إعادة ترتيب الأسئلة من 1 إلى 7 من التمرين الرابع حسب أهميتها بالنسبة لك.

أما السؤال الثاني فيطلب منك رأيك (هل من الجيد صناعة منتج غالي بجودة عالية أم رخيص بجودة منخفضة؟ وكجواب مقترح:

I think, it depends on the market and the society I deal with.

GRAMMAR

6 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in brackets.

- 1 I _____ (not / see) my best friend Asma since September.
- 2 If you eat too many sweets, you _____ (have) stomachache.
- 3 I'm _____ (buy) a new laptop next year if I have enough money.
- 4 Omar _____ (be) in Jordan for more than two weeks now.
- 5 He _____ (pass) the English exam if he studies hard.
- 6 If we go to France in the summer, we're _____ (visit) the Eiffel Tower.
- 7 Sawsan and Laila _____ (be) friends for five years.

الاجابات الصحيحة

1- Haven't / seen

2- will have

3- going to buy

4- has been

5- will pass

6- going to visit

7- have been



A young inventor

المخترعة الشابة

Emily Cummins began 'inventing' when she was only four. She enjoyed making things from waste material, like making toys from old things she found in her grandfather's garden.

بدأت إميلي كامينز "بالاختراع" عندما كانت في الرابعة من عمرها فقط. كانت تستمتع بصنع الأشياء من النفايات، مثل صنع الألعاب من الأشياء القديمة التي وجدت في حديقة جدها.

As she got older, she learnt more about different materials and how to use different tools. She was working on a school project when she had an idea to help millions of people - a small, portable fridge to keep medicines or small food items clean, dry and cool.

مع تقدمها في السن، تعلمت المزيد عن المواد المختلفة وكيفية استخدام الأدوات المختلفة. كانت تعمل في مشروع مدرسي عندما كانت لديها فكرة لمساعدة الملايين من الناس - ثلاجة صغيرة محمولة للحفاظ على الأدوية أو المواد الغذائية الصغيرة نظيفة وجافة وباردة.

In many parts of the world, people haven't got electricity. However, that doesn't mean they have to live without a fridge. Emily's fridge is ideal because it doesn't use electricity.

في أجزاء كثيرة من العالم، لا يحصل الناس على كهرباء. ومع ذلك، هذا لا يعني أنه يجب عليهم العيش بدون ثلاجة. ثلاجة إميلي مثالية لأنها لا تستخدم الكهرباء.

People can build it using old car parts and other objects from their homes.

يمكن للناس بناؤها باستخدام قطع غيار السيارات القديمة وغيرها من الأشياء من منازلهم.

After she finished school, Emily went to Africa to work on her design. She spent five months in Namibia, testing out her fridge.

بعد أن أنهت دراستها، ذهبت إميلي إلى إفريقيا للعمل على تصميمها. أمضت خمسة أشهر في ناميبيا، تختبر ثلاجتها.

She decided not to produce the fridge for profit. Instead, she gave the design to people in Africa for free, so that they could produce their own portable fridges following her instructions.

قررت عدم إنتاج الثلاجة من أجل الربح. بدلاً من ذلك، أعطت التصميم للأشخاص في إفريقيا مجاناً، حتى يتمكنوا من إنتاج ثلاجاتهم المحمولة وفقاً لتعليماتها.

Emily also invented a special water carrier. African women and children often have to walk long distances every day to collect water, and they can only carry a few containers at a time.

اخترعت إميلي أيضاً حاملاً خاصاً للمياه. غالباً ما تضطر النساء والأطفال الأفارقة إلى المشي لمسافات طويلة كل يوم لجلب المياه، ولا يمكنهم حمل سوى عدد قليل من الحاويات في كل مرة.

However, with Emily's water carrier, they can carry up to five containers of water. She made the wheel out of tree branches and used old tyres to keep the containers in place.

ومع ذلك، مع حامل مياه إميلي، يمكنهم حمل ما يصل إلى خمس أوعية من الماء. صنعت العجلة من أغصان الأشجار واستخدمت الإطارات القديمة للحفاظ على الحاويات في مكانها.

People can also use the product to carry firewood or other heavy objects. Emily has won many awards, including Woman of the Year in 2009 CE (Common Era) and a 'Save-the-Planet' award in 2008 CE.

يمكن للأشخاص أيضاً استخدام المنتج لحمل الحطب أو الأشياء الثقيلة الأخرى. فازت إميلي بالعديد من الجوائز، بما في ذلك جائزة "امرأة العام" في عام 2009 م وجائزة "أنقذ الكوكب" في عام 2008 م.

COMPREHENSION

3 Read the article again and answer the questions.

- 1 What do the pronouns in **bold** refer to?
- 2 How are Emily's products different from the usual ones we know of?
- 3 How did Emily develop her skills when she was younger?
- 4 Why didn't Emily sell her fridge design?
- 5 Other than water, what can the water carrier be used for?
- 6 What other low-cost inventions do you think Emily could make to make life in Africa easier?
- 7 What skills and qualities do you think one should have to make such inventions?

الاجابات الصحيحة

- 1- **they** (line 14): people who haven't got electricity
it (line 16): Emily's fridge
they (line 29): African women and children
- 2 - a) They are low-cost products that don't use electricity.
b) They are made of old parts and objects.
c) People can use them for different purposes.
- 3- She used to make things from waste material and from old things she found in her grandfather's garden.
- 4- That's because she didn't want to make a profit, and she gave the design to people in Africa instead.
- 5- It can be used to carry firewood or other heavy objects.
- 6- I think, Emily could make different kinds of tools to make life easier such as saws to cut trees and make wood for cooking purposes.
- 7- I think, a person should have the mentality and a smart vision.

VOCABULARY

4 Find in the text...

- 1 two words that are parts of a car.

- 2 two words that mean something that holds another thing.

- 3 a word that means something you use for fixing things.

- 4 a phrase that means the opposite of 'for free'.

- 5 a word that means guidance you give to someone on how to do something.

- 6 a word that means a thing you get if you have done something that helps lots of people.

- 7 a word that means unwanted or unusable.

الاجابات الصحيحة

1-Wheel, tyre

2- carrier container

3- tool

4- for prophet

5-instruction

6-award

7- waste

VOCABULARY: Business

6 Match the verbs with the correct phrases.

- | | |
|------------|------------------------|
| 1 set up | a market research |
| 2 do | b a business |
| 3 find out | c a profit or a loss |
| 4 work out | d a service |
| 5 make | e a product |
| 6 provide | f about your customers |
| 7 design | g your accounts |
| 8 do | h your costs |

1-b

2-a

3-f

4-h

5-c

6-d

7-e

8- g

الاجابات الصحيحة

LISTENING

1 What kind of things do you think should be invented? Why?

I think that useful and daily usage things should be invented, because people need them all time.

3  Listen again and complete the information in the box.

- 1 Name: Samer Abu Kouta
2 Age: eighteen
3 Kind of invention:
4 Customers:
5 Two main reasons for the success of the product:
.....
.....

الإجابات الصحيحة

- 1- Samer Abu Kouta.
2- eighteen.
3- a computer system for online commercial transactions.
4- buyers and sellers who want to make transactions without the need for being present for signing the contract between them.
5- The product is original, and it helps buyers and sellers save time, money and effort.

SPEAKING AND WRITING

4 In a group, write a list of the tasks you have to do at home or at school.

إجابة مقترحة

Set the table, make the bed, tidy the bedroom, wash the floor, cook dinner, do the washing-up, water the plants, tidy the classroom.

READING

- 7 Read the two job advertisements.
Which job would you apply for? Why?



Childminder مربية أطفال

A family is looking for an enthusiastic, hard-working childminder to look after young children during the school holidays.

تبحث عائلة عن مربية أطفال متحمسة تعمل بجد لرعاية الأطفال الصغار خلال العطلات المدرسية.

You have to plan indoor and outdoor activities daily. You have to tidy up after all activities and give the children simple meals and drinks.

عليك التخطيط للأنشطة الداخلية والخارجية يوميًا. يجب عليك الترتيب بعد كل الأنشطة وإعطاء الأطفال وجبات ومشروبات بسيطة.

If you are friendly and enjoy games and sport, you can earn a good salary and do an enjoyable, useful job at the same time.

إذا كنت ودودًا وتستمتع بالألعاب والرياضة، يمكنك الحصول على راتب جيد والقيام بعمل ممتع ومفيد في نفس الوقت.

Tour guide مرشد سياحي

Our town needs a tour guide to help us in the summer holidays, Sundays - Thursdays, from 10am to 5pm.

بلدتنا بحاجة إلى مرشد سياحي لمساعدتنا في العطلة الصيفية، من الأحد إلى الخميس، من الساعة 10 صباحًا حتى 5 مساءً.

The salary will be low at first, but you don't have to have any qualifications or experience except enthusiasm and ambition.

سيكون الراتب منخفضًا في البداية، لكن ليس لديك أي مؤهلات أو خبرة باستثناء الحماس والطموح.

You have to learn some facts about the town's history and take people on tours of the most important historical sites. This job is ideal for anyone, male or female, unemployed or recently graduated.

عليك أن تتعلم بعض الحقائق عن تاريخ المدينة وأن تأخذ الناس في جولات في أهم المواقع التاريخية. هذه الوظيفة مثالية لأي شخص، ذكر أو أنثى، عاطل عن العمل أو تخرج حديثاً.

COMPREHENSION

8 Read the two advertisements again. Answer the questions.

- 1 What kind of work does each job involve?
- 2 What skills and qualifications do you need to do these jobs?
- 3 What salary do you think you could earn?
- 4 Do you think you would enjoy these jobs, and why?
- 5 What other jobs that offer services to help people can you think of? Explain.

الاجابات الصحيحة

1- *Childminder* involves looking after young children, planning daily activities, tidying up, preparing food and drink.

Tour guide involves taking people on tours of historical sites.

2- *Childminder*: enthusiastic, hard-working, friendly, good with children

Tour guide: enthusiastic, ambitious.

3- I think I could earn 20 dollars per hour. **إجابة مقترحة**

4- I think I would enjoy being a tour guide because I am a sociable person and I like to visit new places. **إجابة مقترحة**

5- Home services, instruction field, repairing houses ... etc. **إجابة مقترحة**

Initial test

- 1 Choose an adjective from the box that best suits each description. (2 marks each).

مقرب / حميم

خجول

اجتماعي

جاد

close shy outgoing serious
reliable talented

يعتمد عليه

موهوب

- 1- While his friends went outside to play football, Sami stayed inside to finish his homework. Sami is always **serious** when it comes to school.
- 2- Hamzah and Adel always tell each other some of their secrets. They are very **close** friends.
- 3- My favourite basketball team won the final game today. They play really well and they are extremely **talented**.
- 4- The teacher introduced the new girl to her classmates. The new girl's face turned red. The girl is **shy**.
- 5- Yesterday, Mum asked my sister to get some vegetables on her way back from school. My sister remembered to do so because she is very **reliable**.

2 Use the following beginnings to write your own sentences with the First Conditional. (2 marks each)

إجابات مقترحة

- 1- If you want to send a letter, *you must go to the post office.*
- 2- You'll do well at school *if you prepare your lessons well.*
- 3- If you do a first-aid course, *you can deal with injuries.*
- 4- If you like to go on holidays, *you must ask your parents.*
- 5- I'll go to the doctor *if I feel ill.*

3 Complete the table below with the time expressions from the box. (½ mark each)

2005 CE three weeks three o'clock
August ten years five minutes
last summer an hour she was 6
over a year

<i>For</i>	<i>Since</i>
three weeks	2005 CE
ten years	three o'clock
five minutes	August
an hour	last summer
over a year	she was 6

4 Choose five of the time expressions in exercise 3 to write your own sentences using the Present Perfect Simple. (1 mark each)

إجابات مقترحة

- 1- I have been waiting for you *since three o'clock*.
- 2- Nader has studied science *for over a year*.
- 3- I have been living here *for ten years*.
- 4- Juwan has been to Qatar *since she was 6*.
- 5- Zaid hasn't been at school *since last summer*.

5 Choose the correct alternative. (1 mark each)

- 1- We must not waste time. We have *a lot of* work to do.
- 2- When I arrived this morning, there weren't *any* students in class.
- 3- Yesterday, Ali found *many* pennies on the floor, so he went and gave them to the police.
- 4- Nour went shopping and liked a very expensive dress that she wanted to buy. However, she didn't have *much* money, so she bought a cheaper one.
- 5- As I walked down the street, I saw a poor man. He wanted *a little* food, so I gave him some.

6 Choose the correct answer. (1 mark each)

1- When a person wears clothes that are up to date in style, then that person is

a. smart

b. trendy

c. formal

2- My friend and I visited the charity shop _____ sells donated items.

a. where

b. who

c. that

3- After he finishes university, Nader has decided that he _____ travel around the world.

a. is going to

b. will

c. am going to

4- The opposite of huge is.

a. big

b. tiny

c. weightless

5- It is very important for colleagues to _____ so that the job is done efficiently.

a. represent

b. communicate

c. lead

7 Find five words that are adjectives and five words that are verbs. (1 mark each)

d	o	w	n	l	o	a	d	m	r	q	c
h	f	r	y	x	t	l	p	p	q	w	o
x	g	l	n	s	e	w	o	o	f	j	m
w	e	a	c	k	l	r	x	c	o	y	m
a	o	s	u	i	t	a	b	l	e	g	u
n	b	p	a	l	g	p	s	e	a	r	n
d	g	b	n	f	j	k	t	h	k	c	i
e	n	t	h	u	s	i	a	s	t	i	c
r	k	u	v	l	s	s	t	w	l	d	a
w	y	j	r	x	i	o	s	m	a	r	t
q	g	e	n	e	r	o	u	s	t	w	e

Adjectives (الصفات)

generous, skilful, smart, suitable
enthusiastic.

Verbs (الأفعال)

download, wander, wrap, earn,
communicate

A new business idea

VOCABULARY

- 1 Replace the underlined words with their meanings from the box.

هنا يجب استبدال الكلمات التي تحتها خط بالجمل من 1-5 بالكلمات المساوية لها بالمعنى من الصندوق.

goods assistance
ordinary new and fresh
people who are buying things
people who are selling things

Goods → بضائع Assistance → مساعدة / خدمة Ordinary → مألوف / عادي
People who are buying things → المستهلكين / الذين يشترون الأشياء
People who are selling things → البائعين / الذين يبيعون الأشياء
New and fresh → جديد ومختلف وغير مألوف

- 1- I've never seen a design like that before. It's very original! *New and fresh*
- 2- For your business to become successful, you have to know more about your typical customers. *Ordinary*
- 3- It's important to give customers good service. *People who are buying things*
- 4- Do you often try new products, or do you always use the same one? *Goods*
- 5- This company provides us with excellent services. I like it! *Assistance*

GRAMMAR

- 2 Rewrite the second sentence so that it has the same meaning as the first. Use the Present Perfect Simple and the words in brackets. Add or change any words as necessary.

هنا يجب إعادة كتابة كل جملة باستخدام المضارع التام.

- 1 We got here at nine o'clock. We're still here. (since)
We've been here since nine o'clock.
- 2 Fifteen years ago, my aunt and uncle went to Canada. They're still there. (for)

- 3 Faisal is very good at football. He started practising this sport when he was very young. (since)

- 4 Samia is fasting for Ramadan. She started fasting when she was 12. (since)

- 5 My mother is a teacher. She began to teach 35 years ago. (for)

- 1- We **have been** here **since** nine o'clock.
- 2- My aunt and uncle **have been** in Canada **for** 15 years.
- 3- Faisal **has practised** football **since** he was very young.
- 4- Samia **has fasted** for Ramadan **since** she was 12.
- 5- My mother **has been** a teacher **for** 35 years.

الاجابات الصحيحة

- 3** Look at the list of instructions about a camping trip. Complete the rules with **will**, **won't**, **be going to** or **not be going to**.

Camping trip

- 1 Bring your own towel because there _____ be any towels at the camp.
- 2 Bring only old clothes. If you wear good clothes, they _____ get ruined.
- 3 We _____ have a reading night on Tuesday, so bring your favourite book with you. You _____ need it.
- 4 You can bring a camera if you have one, as there _____ be an opportunity to observe some wild animals during the day.
- 5 Don't bring your hiking boots with you. We _____ go hiking anymore because it will rain.

1- won't 2- will 3- are going to, will 4- will 5- are not going to الاجابات الصحيحة

READING

- 4 Look at the photo. What product do you think Jimmy invented?

I think jimmy invented a kind of shoes which is lightweight and easy to daily usage.



- 5 Read the text and check your answer. Then, complete the underlined phrases in the text with the verbs and phrases from the box so that they form meaningful sentences.

يدعم / يقدم

يصمم

يؤسس

provide work out design make set up find out

يحسب

يصنع

يكشف

Jimmy Tomczak, from Michigan, USA, enjoyed walking in the countryside, but he couldn't find the right shoes to wear. Most good quality, lightweight shoes cost too much, so he decided to (1) _____ his own product.

One day, he was helping a builder to repair a roof of a house. Instead of using expensive material, they used old advertising boards, which were made of a lightweight strong plastic. After six months, the roof was still in good condition. The plastic proved to be strong as well as waterproof. That encouraged Jimmy to (2) _____ more about this material and to use it in his shoe production.

He created 20 shoe models before he was satisfied with the final design and could (3) _____ a business.

At first, he didn't sell his shoes to (4) _____ a profit, but after a while, he managed to (5) _____ the right costs in order to set a price. All the sandals are made locally, using local workers. Now Jimmy's business is very successful. He is selling about 1,000 pairs of his special shoes every month.



1- design 2- find out 3- set up 4- make 5- work out

الاجابات الصحيحة

6 Answer the following questions about Jimmy Tomczak's invention.

1 Why did Jimmy want to produce his own shoes?

Jimmy wanted to produce his own shoes because there wasn't an affordable pair of shoes on the market that was suitable for his needs.

2 What did Jimmy think of the plastic advertising boards?

Jimmy thinks the plastic advertising boards were light, strong and waterproof.

3 How do we know that Jimmy's product is ethical and environmentally friendly?

Jimmy's product is made of recycled material, and local workers produce it locally.

4 Why would anyone buy Jimmy's shoes? Explain.

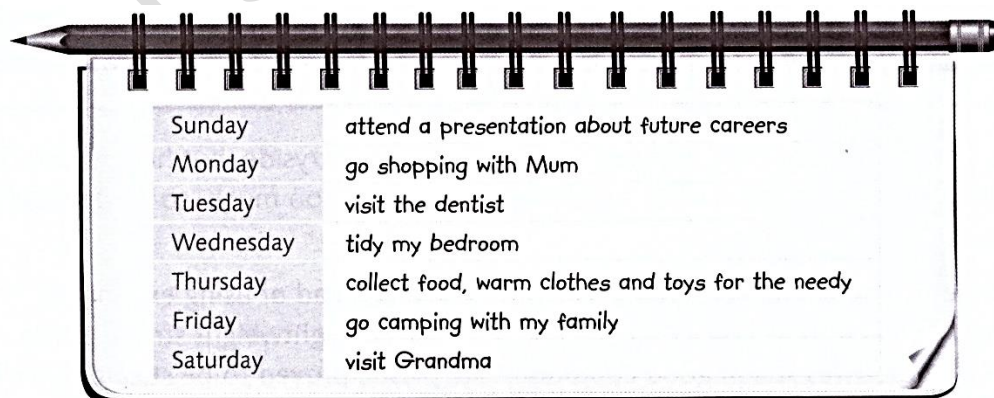
Anyone would buy Jimmy's shoes because they are comfortable. They are made of lightweight strong plastic.

5 What modifications would you make to improve Jimmy's invention?

I would use high quality materials to be more durable.

GRAMMAR

7 Look at Amal's diary for next week. Use the diary to write conditions for each day using the First Conditional.



Sunday	attend a presentation about future careers
Monday	go shopping with Mum
Tuesday	visit the dentist
Wednesday	tidy my bedroom
Thursday	collect food, warm clothes and toys for the needy
Friday	go camping with my family
Saturday	visit Grandma

Sunday: If she **doesn't have** a school project, she **will attend** a presentation about future careers.

Monday: If she **doesn't have** a lot of homework, she **will go** shopping with her mum.

Tuesday: If she **has** toothache again, she **will visit** the dentist.

Wednesday: If her bedroom **is** very messy, **she will** tidy it.

Thursday: If she **has** some free time, she **will collect** food, warm clothes and toys for the needy.

Friday: If the weather **is** sunny, she **will go** camping with her family.

Saturday: If she **finishes** her homework early, she **will visit** her grandma.

READING

8 Read this job advertisement and answer the questions.

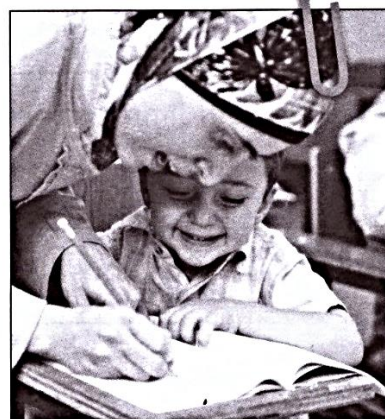
Do you enjoy being with children? Do you enjoy activities such as sports, arts and crafts? Then this job is perfect for you.

We are an early-learning centre in Irbid, looking for individuals who are interested in teaching young children in a supportive and caring environment. We would like teachers to work with children of all ages on the activity programmes. Please apply only if you have previous experience in working with children.

We need you to be friendly, enthusiastic and energetic, and to have the ability to teach activities to young children.

10 We provide training and a uniform.

Send us an email today for an interview.



1 What are the five skills and qualifications required to apply for this job?

having previous experience; being friendly; being enthusiastic; being energetic; having the ability to teach activities to young children.

2 Do you think you are suitable for this job? Explain why / why not.

I don't think that I'm suitable because I don't like to be with children.

1- The present perfect المضارع التام

نستخدم هذ الزمن للتكلم عن أمور مكتملة الحدوث أو التكلم عن خبرات وتجارب سابقة.

Pronouns الضمائر	Affirmative اثبات	Negative نفي	Interrogative سؤال
He / She / It	Has + V3	Hasn't + V3	Has + subject + V3?
I / They / You / We	Have + V3	Haven't + V3	Have + subject + V3?

Sameer **has bought** a new car. (+)

Sameer **hasn't bought** a new car. (-)

Has Sameer **bought** a new car?

Keywords الكلمات المفتاحية والدالة على هذا الزمن

Since, for, already, just, yet, ever, never, recently, so far

ملاحظة مهمة

For → Duration (مدة زمنية) 1-

Since → starting point of an action (نقطة بداية الحدث)

2- The first conditional جملة الشرط الأولى

وتتكون من طلب أو سؤال الشرط (مضارع بسيط) ثم فاصلة وبعدها جواب أو نتيجة الشرط (مستقبل بسيط)

If I **sleep** early, I **will wake up** early.

If I **don't sleep** early, I **won't wake up** early.

3- Quantifiers محددات الكمية

هي كلمات تستخدم قبل الأسماء المعدودة وغير المعدودة لتحديد كميتها أو مقدارها.

Many → كثير معدود → I have **many** friends. / There are **many** students.

Much → كثير غير معدود → I would miss you so **much**. / I drink as **much** water as you do.

Few → قليل معدود → I bought **few** items of food. / Adam has got **few** friends.

Little → قليل غير معدود → I need **little** water please! / I spent **little** money.

Any → مع المعدود وغير المعدود في حالة النفي والسؤال والاثبات

*We could choose **any** colours we wanted.

*I couldn't answer **any** of these questions.

*Do we have **any** form of agreement with new staff when they start?

4- Will vs. Be going to المستقبل البسيط للتنبؤات والخطط والترتيبات

(Will + base form) → 1- Predictions that are based on personal opinions.

تنبؤات مبنية على آراء شخصية ولا يوجد عليها دليل

I think it **will** rain tonight.

2- Spontaneous decisions.

قرارات عفوية وبدون ترتيب

A) Where **will** you go?

B) I have no idea! Okay, I **will** visit Adam.

(Be going to + base form) → 1- Predictions that are based on evidence.

تنبؤات مبنية على دليل واضح

The sky is cloudy. It **is going to** rain.

2- Plans & arrangements.

ترتيبات وخطط مستقبلية وعادة ما تكون مرهونة بفاصل زمني محدد للتنفيذ

I **am going to** study abroad after I finish my school.